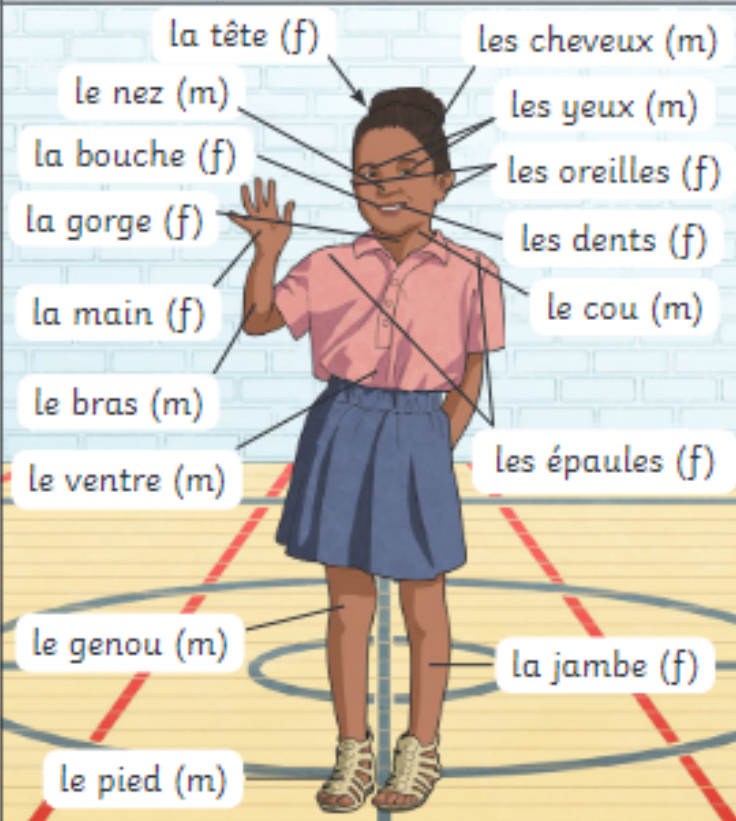





Key Vocabulary - The Body

f = feminine m = masculine



Key Vocabulary - What Do I Look Like?

les cheveux raides 	les cheveux ondulés 	les cheveux bouclés 	les cheveux blonds 
les cheveux courts 	les cheveux mi-longs 	les cheveux longs 	les cheveux roux 
les cheveux bruns 	les cheveux gris 	les cheveux blancs 	les cheveux châains 
les yeux bleus 	les yeux verts 	les yeux marron 	les yeux gris 

J'ai les cheveux mi-longs, bouclés et bruns et les yeux marron.
I have mid-length, dark, curly hair and brown eyes.

J'ai les cheveux longs, raides et blonds et les yeux verts.
I have long, straight, blonde hair and green eyes.



Qu'est-ce qui ne va pas ? What's the matter?


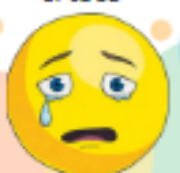
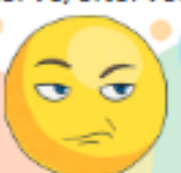

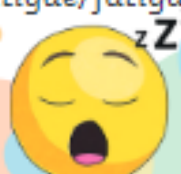

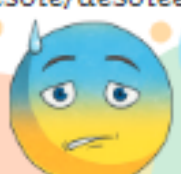
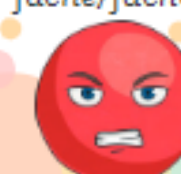
To say what's wrong, use **J'ai mal...** (I've got a sore...) followed by **à la** for feminine nouns, **au** for masculine nouns, **à l'** for nouns beginning with a vowel or h, and **aux** for plural nouns (both masculine and feminine).

J'ai mal à la gorge. I've got a sore throat.	J'ai mal au genou. I've got a sore knee.	J'ai mal à l'oreille. I've got a sore ear.	J'ai mal aux dents. I've got sore teeth.
--	--	--	--

Key Language in Context

Comment te sens-tu aujourd'hui ? How are you (feeling) today?

Je suis... I am...

content/contente 	triste 	énervé/énervée 	surpris/surprise 
fatigué/fatiguée 	fier/fière 	désolé/désolée 	fâché/fâchée 

Key Knowledge and Grammar

- When a masculine adjective ends in **é** or a consonant, the feminine adjective has an extra **e** at the end.
- When a masculine adjective ends in **e**, the feminine adjective stays the same.
- The adjective **fier** also has an accent when it is feminine.



Key Vocabulary - Fashion

une jupe (f) skirt	un pull (m) jumper	un tee-shirt (m) t-shirt	une robe (f) dress
un pantalon (m) trousers	des chaussures (f) shoes	une chemise (f) shirt	des chaussettes (f) socks

Key Vocabulary - What Are You Doing?

Qu'est-ce que tu fais ? What are you doing?

Je lève la main. 	Je croise les bras. 	J'ouvre la fenêtre. 	Je ferme la porte. 
Je range la table. 	Je lis un livre. 	J'écris une phrase. 	J'aide mon ami(e). 

Key Knowledge and Grammar

French verbs must be conjugated according to every subject. In this unit, you learn three forms of the verb **porter** [to wear]:

- **Je porte une robe rouge.** [I wear a red dress.];
- **Qu'est-ce que tu portes ?** [What do you wear?];
- **Il/elle porte un tee-shirt blanc.** [He/she wears a white t-shirt.].
- Any colour adjectives used to describe clothes have to 'agree' grammatically.
- If the noun is masculine, the colour adjective doesn't change.
- If the noun is feminine, add an **e** to the end of the colour adjective (unless it already ends in **e** like **jaune**), e.g. **une jupe bleu** [a blue skirt].
- If the noun is plural, add an **s** to the end of the colour adjective, e.g. **des pulls bleus** [some blue jumpers] (masculine plural) and **des jupes bleues** [some blue skirts] (feminine plural).
- **Marron** [brown] does not change and is an exception to the rule.